***Training exercises for the 4th form***

*I.* ***Match opposite words:***

1. merry a) old

2 sunny b) stupid

3.young c) sad

4.long d) cloudy

5.clever e) short

***II. Put a verb to be in Present Simple or Past Simple:***

1. I ……in England last summer.

2. We .…… happy to see you.

3. He ……. at school yesterday.

4 You …… a student a year ago.

5 Who …… you?

***III. Add one word to each line:***

a) an apple, a banana, an orange,

b) a nose, an ear, a cheek,

c) a sheep, a cow, a rabbit,

d) a table, an armchair, a shelf,

e) a bathroom, a kitchen, a living room,

IV. Choose the pronoun:

1. \_\_\_\_ is a teacher. (you, she, I)

2. \_\_\_ go to school. (Your, he, they)

3. \_\_\_ likes to read. (we, he, they)

4. \_\_\_ helps her mother. (she, you, he)

5. This is \_\_\_ friend. (he, her , they). \_\_\_\_\_ name is David.(her, his, its)

***V. Choose the correct variant:***

1.Dogs like / likes meat.

2. I have got many/ much friends.

3. Do/ Does you drink milk every day?

4. Is/ Are you a student?

5. We don’t/ doesn’t go to school on Sunday.

1. The baby … now.

a) Sleep b) Sleeps c) Is sleeping d) Sleeping

 2. Barbara usually … coffee, but today she … tea.

a) Drinks, is drinking b) Drinks, drinks c) Is drinking, drinks d) Is drinking, is drinking

 3. Look! Bob … a) Swims b) Swim c) Swimming d) Is swimming

 4. It`s five o`clock. Granny … tea.

a) Drink b)Is drinking c) Drinks d)Drinking

 5. She often … to the theatre.

a) Is going b) Go c) Goes d) Are going

***VI. Choose correct adjective:***

1. Ronald goes to bed very… a) Lately b) late c)Latter d)Last

 2. You sing so… . a)Beautiful b)more beautiful c)beautifully d)the most beautiful

 3. I think he is a … driver. a) Careful b) Carefully c) more carefully d)most careful

 4. The weather is … a) Little b) Early c)more d) bad

 5. This exercise is… a) Strong b) tall c)difficult d) Hot

 6. My dog is … than yours. a) Big b)Small c)the biggest d)bigger

 7. Mike is … than Tony. a) Taller b) tall c)more tall d)short

 8. June is the … month of the year. a) Most good b)Best c) gooddest d)Better

 9. Who is the … in the family? a) Eldest b) oldest c)most oldest d)old

 10. The sun shines… . a) often b)never c)brightly d)now

1. My aunt … two daughters and a son. a) have got b) has got c) is

2. Where … your sister live? a) does b) do c) is

3. … is her favourite school subject? a)who b)which c)where

4. Masha is … pupil in the class. a) a good b) the gooddest c) the best

5. My dog is … than your dog. a) nice b) nicer c) the nicest

6. I am from Michurinsk. She … from Michurinsk too. a) am b) are c) is

7. My schoolbag is … than yours. a)big b)bigger c)biggest

8. There is … sofa in the living-room. a) a b) an c) the 9. I went to … Black Sea last summer. a) a b) the c) –

10. I go to bed … 9 o’clock. a) in b) at c) on

11. … is a teacher. a)you b) she c) I

12. … go to school. a)your b) he c) they

13. … likes to read. a)we b) he c) they

14. … helps her mother. a)she b) you c) he

15. This is … friend. a)he b) her c)you

***VII. Choose the correct answer:***

1. I ( am, is, are) at the zoo.

2. We ( is, are, am) from Russia.

3. My sister ( have got, has got ) a doll.

4. My brother and I ( have got, has got ) a nice dog.

5. The dog ( like, likes, liking ) to play with my toys.

6. My father ( works, working, work ) at the bakery.

7. Look! Larry ( skate, skates, skating, is skating).

8. We ( write, are writing, writes ) a test now.

9. There ( is, are ) two children in the classroom.

10. There ( is, are) a banana on the table.

11. I`ve got ( a, an, - ) orange.

12. There is ( some, any ) milk in the bottle.

13. We haven`t got ( some, any ) cheese in the fridge.

14. How ( much, many)bread do you need?

15. There aren`t ( much, many) apples in the bag.

16. My little brother has got two (tooth, tooths , teeth)

17. Kate has got five (doll, mice, child)

18. My birthday is ( in, on ) October.

19. ( Luly, Luly`s) toys are in the box.

20. How old ( are you, you are)?

1. My mother ( am, is, are) at work.

2. I ( am, is, are) eleven.

3. We ( have got, has got) a dog.

4. My brother ( have got, has got ) two friends.

5. He (likes, like, liking) to play soccer.

6. My sister ( go, gos, goes) to school every day.

7. Look! Larry ( is swimming, swims ).

8. We ( is reading, are reading, read ) a book now.

9. There (is, are) a ball in the box.

10. There ( is, are) two apples on the table.

11. I`ve got ( a, an,-) aunt.

12. He has got ( some, any) bananas.

13. Have you got ( some, any) oranges?

14. How ( many, much) butter do you need?

15. There aren`t ( many, much) children in the classroom.

16. How many ( foot, feet, foots) have you got?

17. My dog has got three ( puppies, puppy, puppys).

18. My birthday is ( in, on) September.

19. (Kate`s, Kate) dog is under the table.

20. What ( are you, you are) doing? Open the bracket & put verbs into the proper tense form.

***VIII. Open the brackets:*** Long, long ago there 1 … (live) a lot of mice in an old house. There 2 … (live) a cat in that house too. The mice 3 … (be) afraid of the cat but they 4 … (not know) what to do. So one day they all 5 … (come) to an old clever mouse & 6 … (begin) 7 … (talk) about the cat. “What 8 … (can) we do?” they 9 … (say). “The cat 10 … (kill) us all.” Suddenly one little mouse 11 … (say), “Let`s put a bell round the cat`s neck & we 12 … (hear) it.” They 13 … (be) all very glad and they 14 … (begin) to dance. Suddenly the clever old mouse 15 … (say), “I 16 … (want) to ask one question. Who 17 … (put) the bell round the cat`s neck?”

**IX. Open the brackets:**

1. I (to take) my sister to school now.
2. He (to help) his father yesterday.
3. At the moment they (not, to go) to the river for a swim.
4. She (to play) the violin tonight.
5. I (to read) every week?
6. He (to sleep) last night.
7. We (to drink) some time ago.
8. Ted (to take) her to school every day.
9. He (not, to help) his father very often.
10. They usually (to go) to the river for a swim?
11. She (not, to play) the violin every day.
12. I (to read) every day.
13. He (to sleep) every night?
14. We (to drink) tea yesterday morning.
15. They (to go) to school now?
16. I (not to sleep) at 7 o’clock yesterday.
17. She (not to drink) coffee last month.
18. We (not to watch) TV now.
19. They (to eat) last night.
20. My mother (not to be) at the cinema last time.
21. You (to work) now?
22. He (to be going to)play in the yard this evening?
23. They (to break) the window last Tuesday?
24. Your sister (to rest) now?
25. Where they (to go) now?

***Reading***

William Goes to the Zoo

William likes to visit Town Zoo. He would like to go to the Zoo every day. He likes animals very much.It is Sunday . William and his friend Tim don`t go to school. They go to the Zoo.

 In the Zoo they see a lot of animals. They are bears and foxes, giraffes and crocodiles, pandas and elephants. The animals are big and small. They are nice and funny. They can run, jump and swim. Some animals like to eat meat, cabbage, carrots, corn, oranges and apples. Some of them are kind and lazy.

 William comes home. He takes his album. He would like to draw the animals in the Zoo. The crocodile is long and green. It has got a strong tail and big angry teeth. The giraffe is big and strong but kind. His neck is long and his ears are funny. The grey elephant is big and kind. It likes to ride boys and girls. William`s pictures are very nice.

*I. Choose the correct variant:*

1. William and Tim go...

 a) to the park b) to the Zoo c) to school

2. The giraffe`s ears are...

 a) big b) small c) funny

3. The animals are ...

 a) nice b) angry c) nice and funny

4. William would like to draw...

 a) the Zoo b) the animals in the Zoo c) the crocodiles in the Zoo

*II. Write* ***true*** *or* ***false****:*

1. William likes animals very much.

2. The friends don`t go to school on Sundays.

3. The animals in the Zoo сan read and write.

4. The friends would like to draw the animals in the Zoo.

***II.*** *Read the text and say if the sentences are* ***true****,* ***false*** *or* ***not said***

- Hi Daniel! Shall we go to the cinema on Saturday? I want to see the new James Bond film.

- I can’t go on Saturday, Carl. I’m helping my Dad in his shop. But I’m not working on Sunday. Let’s go on Sunday afternoon.

- Oh, on Sunday afternoon I’m going with my Mum and Dad to see my Grandma and Grandpa. They have moved into a new house.

- Let’s meet on Monday after school. We can have a burger and a coke at the local cafe, then see the film at six o’clock.

- Okay, that’s a good idea. If there is no room to see the James Bond film, we could see the new Pirates film instead. My friend told me it’s very exciting.

- Right, we’ll go on our bikes. I’ll meet you at five o’clock.

1. Carl tells Daniel he wants to go to the stadium.

2. Daniel will be busy on Saturday.

3. Daniel has to do a lot of work on Sunday.

4. Carl’s Grandma and Grandpa are happy in their new house.

5. Daniel and Carl go to the same school.

6. Daniel says they can buy fast food at the local cafe.

7. The local cafe sells ice cream.

8. The film starts at five o’clock.

9. They plan to see the new Pirates film if there are no tickets for the James Bond film.

10. Carl and Daniel have bikes.

***III. Read the text and complete the sentences:***

My name is Helen. I’ve got a friend. Her name is Kate. Kate lives in London. She is twelve. She is a pupil. Her favorite subjects are Math, Art and English. She can sing English songs and draw. She likes reading. Kate is kind and always ready to help. Kate helps her mother after school.

1. Helen has got … a) a mother b) a sister c) a friend

2. His friend's name is… a) Ann b) Kate c) Helen

3. Kate likes … . a) reading books b) singing c) counting

4. Kate's favorite subjects are … a) Math, Art, English b) Math, P.E. c) Math, Geography, Art

5. Kate helps her….. a) friends b) mother c) mother and father

***IV. Read the text and complete the gaps 1–6 with phrases a–f.***

a) goodbye to the old year

b) to take more exercise

c) of the Roman New Year

d) and look forward to the future

e) and at different time of the year

f) bread, money and coal

Different countries celebrate New Year in different ways –

(1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_! The Chinese New Year is in late January or February, the

Jewish New Year is in the autumn, and most Indian people celebrate New Year in the

spring. But in many parts of the world, 1 January is New Year’s Day. This is the

original date (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . Although the new year starts on 1 January in many

countries, it starts at different times because of international time zones; for example,

the new year in Australia starts ten hours earlier than in Britain.

People all over the world have parties on 31 December, New Year’s Eve. At

midnight, they hold hands and sing Auld Lang Syne. The famous song, by the

Scottish poet, Robert Burns, says we should remember the past (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

The Scottish have the best New Year celebrations in Britain, and New Year’s

Eve has a special name in Scotland, Hogmanay. People celebrate with bonfires and

fireworks, and in some towns they burn an old boat to say (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Many people in Scotland go and visit their friends after midnight, early on 1 January.

They believe that the first person who enters the home on New Year’s Day can bring

good luck. This person should carry presents: (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so the family

are not hungry, poor or cold in the new year.

People everywhere have hopes for the new year, and some make a list of New

Year resolutions: things they want to do better in future. For example, they promise

to be tidier, to work harder (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. But sometimes their resolutions

don’t last very long!